

ELISHA A. McCurdy, Esq., Land Register for the State of Kentucky, died of dropsy, in this city, yesterday evening. He was a faithful officer, and was universally liked.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.

Our readers have doubtless kept themselves fully advised from the reports we have from time to time published in our paper, of the progress of the revolution in Spain. If so, they will readily agree with us, in saying that the extreme profligacy and tyranny of the former regime, justified them in making this blow to free themselves from its bondage, and to place themselves in a position which would be beneficial to all classes. An abandoned female, by law, held the sceptre of a dominion, but "the power behind the throne," her paramour, which in this instance was more powerful than the throne itself, in fact, wielded the destinies of the Spanish Government, and with a mind directed solely by personal revenge and individual aggrandizement commanded his subservient minions to execute his commands. The people who could brook this treatment in silence, are undeserving of the name of men, and had the descendants of Castile, stood under the yoke patiently, they would have disgraced the manes of the departed grandees of Aragon and Castile. 'Tis true, Ferdinand the Seventh, was a profligate and a rascal, and it is equally true that they did not rebel during his reign, but when he was about to die, when he knew that his power was soon to be taken from him, he commenced the aggression against Spanish liberty and precedent, when he placed the crown upon his own child's head, thus breaking that provision in the old Salique law, which declares that "a woman may rule, but not reign." This was a law of the Bourbon dynasty, and was carried into the Spanish possessions, when the only remaining scion of the house of Austria rebelled. Well, what have they gained? Unaccustomed to the freedom of republics, and used to having the sceptre of despotism wielded over their heads, we fear that they have achieved a triumph they cannot fully appreciate. They are in a quandary, as to what course to pursue; factions are arising every day, and the accounts that come, show such a complication of measures and party, that for the life of us, we can form no reasonable conjecture, as to what will eventually happen. We hope, however, that every thing will turn out, so that the republican government may retain their ascendancy, and rule with consistency and moderation.

The Court House at Harrodsburg, we understand, is undergoing a series of improvements, which, when completed, will make it one of the most commodious buildings of the kind in the State. The roof is to be covered with oak and cedar shingles, and the ceiling will be handsomely plastered.

New Store.—Our readers, (especially the ladies) will be pleased to learn that our esteemed friends Blackburn & Gaines, have received, and are constantly opening their large and well-selected assortment of dry goods, at their new store-room on Main-street. As we have before remarked, both members of this firm, are well and favorably known in this place, and we know we need not say that all who patronize them, will find them clever gentlemen, and that they will give them good bargains.

The Hon. Presley Ewing, member of Congress from the Logan district, died of Cholera, at the Mammoth Cave on Wednesday last.

IMPORTANT TO THE HEIRS OF THOSE WHO FELL AT THE ALAMO, TEXAS.—It is stated that there is due the heirs of those who fell with Travis, at the Alamo, and with Fanning at the massacre of Goliad, the following quantity of land, viz: To married men 4,605 acres as a head right, 1,920 acres bounty, 640 acres as donation—total 7,165 acres. Unmarried men, 1,476 acres head right, 1,930 acres bounty, and 640 acres donation—total 4,036.

CONVALESCENT.—We are gratified to know that Col. Bisse, of Illinois, who had been very sick for some time at Berkeley Springs, was so far recovered as to be able to reach Baltimore last Friday.

BISHOP WAINWRIGHT DEAD.—The worst fears of the friends of Bishop Wainwright and of the Episcopal Church in the Eastern Diocese of New York, are realized. That distinguished prelate is dead. He breathed his last, the Telegraph informs us, at five o'clock Thursday afternoon, the 21st, aged sixty-one years. His disease was typhoid fever.

Mr. W. Keene has just opened a large stock of Groceries, &c., in the house recently occupied by Brown & Sayre. Everything in the Grocery line may be found at his establishment, and he sells his articles at very low prices. Give him a call.

The Democracy of Fayette county have agreed to have a grand barbecue, in Lexington, on the 20th of October next. The object of the meeting is to pass resolutions expressive of their views of measures acted upon by Congress at its recent session, and especially to manifest their approval of the course of Franklin Pierce and his administration, &c.

Every body is invited to attend this meeting. The prominent men of the State, and some of the Democracy from adjoining States, will be present, and of course a number of good speeches will be made, and good resolutions passed, to say nothing of good eating and drinking. This being a general invitation to the Democracy every where, we expect to see a large delegation from Franklin, to join in this manifestation of approval of the course adopted by the administration of President Pierce and by Congress.

Every one should attend, and our word for it, not a man will return home without a glowing account of a universal expression of approval, by the Democracy of the State, of the doings of our standard-bearers.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, Frankfort, Ky., September 28, 1854.

To the Editors of the Yeoman: GENTLEMEN:—I received to day the enclosed letter from C. T. Taylor, Esq., French consular agent for Louisville. The letter contains information concerning the Industrial Exhibition at Paris to be opened in 1855—that will be of interest to such of the people of Kentucky as may desire to send an article to the Exhibition. Allow me to request the publication of the letter in your paper.

Yours respectfully L. W. POWELL.

FRENCH CONSULAR AGENT, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27, 1854.

To His Excellency Lazarus W. Powell, Gov. of Kentucky.

SIR: This day through the French Consul at New Orleans (in whose district I act) I received a copy of the Imperial Decrees (together with all the rules regulating the same) establishing an Industrial Exhibition at Paris, to open May 1st, 1855 to close Oct. 31st of the same year.

I am requested by the Consul at New Orleans to give notice thereof to the proper and competent authorities; also to the Merchants, Manufacturers and industrial classes of my Consular district. It is therefore with pleasure, that I herewith give you a translation of so much of the Imperial Decrees as relate to the subject, and request that you give it publicity.

Any person from Kentucky who may desire to send an article to said Exhibition, can obtain all the information necessary, by addressing me a line, care of Clemmons & Taylor No. 9, Court Place, Louisville, Ky.

The following is a translation of the Decrees alluded to.

Decree of March 30th, 1853.

ARTICLE 1st. A General Exhibition, of Agriculture and Industrial Products, will take place at Paris, at the Industrial Palace, Marigny Square, to open 1st May 1855 and close 31st Oct. of the same year. (Note by article 1st. of the regulations it will be seen that the time is extended to Oct. 31st.)

Products of all Nations will be received for this Exhibition.

Decree of June 22d 1853.

ARTICLE 1st. A General Exhibition of the Fine Arts will take place at Paris at the same time as the General Industrial Exhibition.

ARTICLE 2d. The annual Exhibition of Fine Arts for 1854 is deferred until 1855 and will be united with the Industrial Exhibition.

ARTICLE 1st. of the Rules regulating the Exhibition is as follows.

The General Exhibition at Paris for the year 1855 will receive for Exhibition, the agricultural and industrial products as well as the works of Art of all nations. It will open May 1st, 1855 and close October 31st, of the same year.

If desired by you especially if furnished with a copy of the announcement if noticed I will furnish your Excellency with the details of articles &c., &c., as furnished me.

I have the Honor, Dear Sir, to be your obedient servant,

C. T. TAYLOR, French Consular Agent for Louisville.

The State of Michigan has the honor of being the first state in the Union, if not in the world, which offers to the student, from any portion of the United States, a complete collegiate course of instruction free of charge. The college is located in Ann Arbor, where seven Professors are on duty, and the course of study is said to be comprehensive and thorough.

We take the following sketch of the unenviable career of Wm. Kissane, of Cincinnati, from the Louisville Democrat, of the 23rd inst. Truly, his is a "hard road to travel."

Another Great Forgery.—KISSANE AGAIN ARRESTED.—TRIAL BY JURY. It will be remembered that a short time ago we mentioned the occurrence of a most extensive forgery in New York, involving the loss of some four thousand dollars. The circumstances are these: On the 30th of August last, a stranger presented at the counter of the Continental Bank of New York a check purporting to be drawn by Very & Gayles, merchants of that city, and calling for the sum of \$5,000. There being no doubt of its genuineness, the money was paid. It was soon discovered that the check was forged, and every effort to detect the perpetrator, for a time, proved vain. Knowledge of the circumstances reaching the ears of Marshal Rufin, of Cincinnati, he finally with information in his power, succeeded in fixing upon Wm. Kissane as the forger.

Kissane who was absent, but lately returned to Cincinnati, was on Tuesday night at the Walnut-street House entertaining some friends, when Marshal Rufin knowing his locality, proceeded with Deputy Marshal Lee to arrest him. Lee went to the room where Kissane was, and told him that Marshal Rufin wished to see him for a few minutes. Kissane, after dreaming that he

was suspected of the charge, proceeded with officer Lee, and when a short distance from the Walnut-street House was told by the officer that he had a warrant for him. He was then placed in close custody in the Watch-house.

Yesterday morning a writ of Habeas Corpus was issued, requiring Marshal Rufin to bring the body of Kissane before his honor, Judge Gholsen, and show cause why he was detained in custody, alleging that such detention was illegal and unjust. J. D. Garard, Esq., appeared for the prisoner, and A. J. Pruden Esq., for the State. The decision of the Court remanded Kissane back to the custody of the Marshal, on the grounds that no return has been made by that officer, and that it has no disposition to interfere with the proceedings of the Police Court, before whom Kissane was cited to appear.

Kissane was then taken before the Police Court, where a motion was made by his attorneys, P. McGroarty and O. Brown, Esqs., to quash a motion for continuance, made by the Prosecuting Attorney, P. Logan, Esq.

The grounds taken by Mr. McGroarty were that even if allegations made in the affidavit by which Kissane were detained were true, still the Police Court had no jurisdiction over the crime, because it was committed in another State.

The continuance was finally granted until Friday the 29th inst., and Kissane required to give bail in \$10,000 for his appearance. He was accompanied in Court by a younger brother.—Kissane was calm and unmoved during the examination.

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.—The late Mr. Alexander, architect of Rochester bridge and other fine buildings in Kent, was once under cross-examination in a special jury case at Maidstone, by Sergeant, afterward Baron Garrow, who wished to detract from the weight of his testimony. After asking him what was his name, Sergeant proceeded:

"You are a builder, I believe?"

"No, sir, I am not a builder, I am an architect."

"Ah! well; architect or builder, builder or architect, they are much the same, I suppose?"

"I beg your pardon sir, I cannot admit that; I consider them totally different."

"Oh, indeed; perhaps you will state wherein this great difference consists?"

"An architect, sir, prepares the plans, conceives the design, draws out the specification—in short, supplies the mind; the builder is merely the bricklayer or the carpenter—the builder is, in fact, the mechanic; the architect the power that puts the machine together and sets it going."

"Oh, very well, Mr. Architect, that will do; and now, after your very ingenious distinction without a difference, perhaps you can inform the court who was the architect of the Tower of Babel?"

"The reply, for promptness and wit, is perhaps not to be revealed in the history of rejoinder."

"There was no architect, sir—and hence the confusion!"

The Albany Register says there are more than \$1,000,000 now lying unclaimed in the Savings Bank of the State of New York. Some of this money has been there fifty years, and the Register suggests that it should go to the State.

New York, Sept. 27.

The steamer George Law has arrived, with \$1,200,000.

We give the following items from our files by this arrival.

President Repnagne, of Peru, it is rumored, had been captured after the route of his followers by the revolutionists, but this rumor lacks confirmation.

The onward movements of Alvarez are confirmed. He intended to march into the city of Mexico.

An Acapulco letter says that Vera Cruz had pronounced for Alvarez.

New York, Sept. 27.

The seceders from the New York anti-Nebraska convention nominated a Free Democratic ticket.

The Free Democratic convention nominated Mr. Clark for Governor, Mr. Bradford for Lt. Governor, and Chas. A. Wheeler for Canal Commissioner.

At the anti-Nebraska convention, which met at Auburn yesterday, Mr. Hale made a speech in favor of "fusion" with the Whigs, when Mr. Raymond was nominated for Lt. Governor and Mr. Clark for Governor.

The Democratic convention of Massachusetts, held at Lowell, nominated Henry W. Bishop for Governor—(Mr. B. was a candidate last year.) and Caleb Stetson, of Braintree, for Lt. Governor; also passed resolutions endorsing the Administration and Nebraska bill.

A number of delegates, being opposed to the Nebraska bill, declined voting.

The proceedings were marked by much confusion.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.

The State Fair at Pottsville opened yesterday. There were not less than 50,000 visitors there during two days, exclusive of the members of the society and ladies. All visiting the fair the first days are required to become members.

Over 400 cattle and horses were in the stalls, showing a splendid display. The city is swarming with strangers, and the hotel is overflowing. Tuesday and Friday will be the greatest days, when it will be thrown open to visitors. The fair includes a display of all kinds of agricultural and mechanical implements. The roads through the country are a mile and a half long, and are completely filled with vehicles moving slowly along.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27.

The cholera panic has entirely gone. There were but twelve deaths from cholera to-day.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

New York, Sept. 28, P. M.

The Steamer Africa arrived at Halifax this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 16th.

There is no news of striking importance. The expedition against Sebastopol sailed on the 14th, numbering 370 ships and transports. The harvest in England and on the continent continued most satisfactory.

The China mail has been telegraphed. The threatened attack on Canton was still held in obedience. There was great confusion. Trade was stagnant.

The Crimea expedition was 70,000 strong and 700 ships. They would be before Sebastopol on the 10th. They would be before Sebastopol on the 10th. They would be before Sebastopol on the 10th.

It is reported that the Baltic fleet will return to England. That Napier has returned is doubtful.

Austria has officially notified the Western Powers of the Czar's refusal. The powers express themselves satisfied with the armed neutrality of Austria.

A French loan of about 400,000,000 francs is proposed.

Republicanism is reported extremely active in Spain.

Queen Christina had arrived at Lisbon.

David Scott, of Manchester, has failed.

New York, Sept. 28.

Mr. Soule has written to the Diario Espanol, as follows:

Madrid Aug. 13th.—Sir: The tone and character of an article referring to me, published in your columns this day, indicate too clearly the influence which inspired them, not to deserve a reply from me. I assented myself from Madrid because such was my pleasure, being accustomed to no one for my acts and conduct. The fear of being menaced by persons to whom my presence might be disagreeable, would never cause me to abandon my post. I fear neither the sneer of impertinent fellows, nor the dagger of hire assassins. Above all, sir, I do not fear the people—they respect what is entitled to respect, and only stigmatize the wretch who flatters or deceives them. The people fight, but are not assassins. With regard to the perfidious insinuations with which your article abounds, they are beneath my contempt. I leave you the merit of the varnish which glossed them over, and to those who dictate them the infamy of their insinuation.

Signed, PIERRE SOULE.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.

The crowd at the State fair surpasses all previous conception. The visitors to-day number not less than 100,000.

All the omnibus lines run coaches thither, and the railroad cars are put in use for the occasion, and there is a complete jam of vehicles. The weather is charming.

The annual address will be delivered to-morrow by W. M. Meredith.

The Franklin Institute exhibitions take place in November, in Dr. Jayne's mammoth buildings on Chesnut and Dock streets, the two being connected by a bridge extending across Carter street. The space will be as ample as formerly afforded by the Museum building.

New York, Sept. 28.

The Rev. Thomas M. Clark was elected Bishop of Rhode Island yesterday by a large majority of both orders.

Audren, Sept. 27.

The State temperance convention nominated Henry J. Raymond for Lt. Governor by a vote of 170 to 112 for Woods.

Bowling-Green, Ky., Sept. 27, 1854.

We have the cholera here again very badly.—Eight, out of the first cases, have died. No new cases since morning, that I have heard of.

New Orleans, Sept. 22.

The riots have entirely subsided. Fever rather on the increase.

THE undersigned having made his stock complete, solicits the patronage of the former patrons of the house and all other friends.—He pledges himself to try and make it their interest to patronize him. His stock consists in part of:

New Orleans Sugar, Powdered, Crushed, and Loaf Sugar; Plantation Molasses; Sugar House Molasses; St. Louis Syrup, &c. &c.; Gun Powder; Imperial and Black Tea; Rio and Java Coffee; Soap; Mould and Star Candles; Lard Oil; Butter and Water Crackers; Nails Assorted; Rice; Mackerel in barrels and half barrels; Flour, Starch, Table Salt, Cakes, Buckets, Baskets, Malt Liqueur; Wood Saws, Dippers, Vinegar, Spices of every description, and articles too numerous to mention.

W. H. KEENE.

Sept 30

10 BBLs Hydraulic Cement, just received and for sale by W. H. KEENE.

Sept 30

20 BBLs Superior Flour, just received and for sale by W. H. KEENE.

Sept 30

20 BBLs Common Whisky, just received and for sale by W. H. KEENE.

Sept 30

5 BBLs Common Brandy, just received and for sale by W. H. KEENE.

Sept 30

5 BBLs Gin, just received and for sale by W. H. KEENE.

Sept 30

An Overseer Wanted.

A MAN that wants good wages, and to be worth his hire, can get constant employment with

JOEL SCOTT

Look Out.

ALEXANDER BYRNES and JAS. BYRNES took

their departure from this city on Sunday and left their home in the morning, and have since been seen as they have me. A. Byrnes is about 30 years old and gray headed, quick spoken, and active for his age. James Byrnes is about 25 or 30 years of age, with a considerable scar on the forehead.

MONROE SPARKS.

Monterey, Owen Co., Sept. 28, '54.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN N. YORK!

Pianos and Melodians for Cash.

HORACE WATERS, the great Music and Piano

Porte Dealer, 333 Broadway, New York, preferring to share large per cent with his customers, rather than pay it to the Shoppers, who Street, to raise available means to enable him to stem the present tight times, offers his immense assortment of elegant and warranted Pianos and Melodians at a large discount from Factory prices, for cash. His assortment comprises Pianos from three of the largest and most celebrated Boston Manufacturers, also those of several of the best New York makers, including the beautiful and much admired Horace Waters Pianos from his own factory. Melodians of the best Boston, New Haven, New York and Buffalo makes, affording an opportunity for selection not to be had elsewhere. Each instrument warranted Second hand Pianos at great Bargains—prices from \$20 to \$100. Music and musical instruments of all kinds. Dealers, Teachers, and heads of schools supplied on best terms. Music sent by mail post paid. General and select Catalogues of music, schedule of factory prices of Pianos, Melodians, and musical instruments forwarded to any address, free of postage.

Sept. 28-30th

NOTICE.

I have SOLD MY STOCK OF GROCERIES,

to W. HARRISON KEENE, and commencing

the patronage of the former customers of Brown & Sayres as a gentleman who will give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

All persons indebted to the firm of Brown & Sayres, and to O. Crown, are requested to come forward and close their accounts.

O. BROWN.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 26th 1854—1f.

HAVING purchased the STOCK OF GROCERIES, recently owned by Brown & Sayres, I now solicit the patronage extended to that firm.

Within a few days my assortment will be complete, and I can safely promise to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me by an examination of my stock. W. H. KEENE.

Frankfort Ky., Sept. 26, 1854—1f.

NEW BAKERY.

HAVING connected with our Confectionery on

Mar street, a Bakery, and employed a top

Confectioner, we are now prepared to furnish all articles in the line at the shortest notice, and on terms to suit all who may patronize us. We intend to give our bread at all times fresh bread and cakes, and every other article usually kept by Confectioners. We know we can make the art of baking the winning parties or weddings furnished, to give us a trial.

We also have on hand all kinds of groceries, and would be pleased to receive a portion of the public patronage.

N. B.—Hot bread every morning.

Sept. 26, 1854—1f

FALL GOODS.

WE have now received the greater part of our fall and winter shoes. In these hard times it is

hard to get shoes. We have every variety of shoes worn, and feel confident we can sell greater bargains in the boot and shoe line than we ever offered in this place. All we ask is give us a call and see for yourself.

Sept 26

U. EVANS & CO.

AGENTS.

The Committee believing that the success of this

Great National undertaking will be materially promoted by the energy and enterprise of intelligent and persevering Agents, have resolved to treat with such on the following terms:

Any person wishing to become an Agent, by sending (post paid) \$1, will receive by return mail, a one dollar Engraving, a "GIFT TICKET" for a Prospectus, a Catalogue and all necessary information.

On the final completion of the sale, the Gifts will be placed in the hands of a Committee of the press and distributed, due notice of which will be given through the United States and the Canadas.

LIST OF GIFTS.

100 Marble busts of Washington at \$10.00

100 " " of Clay, " 10.00

100 " " of Webster, " 10.00

100 " " of Calhoun, " 10.00

50 elegant Oil Paintings, in splendid gilt frames, sized 3x4 ft. each, 10.00

50 elegant Oil Paintings, 2 1/2 ft. each, 5.00

5000 fine Engravings, brilliant, 10.00

1000 sets of oil rich gilt frames, 10.00

25000 inch Engravings, 4.00

1000 sets of fine Engravings of the Washington Monument, 4.00

25000 inch Engravings, 4.00

23700 sets of Engravings, now in possession of, and owned by the Artists' Union, of the market value of, from 50 cts to \$1.00.

1 first-class Dwelling, in 31st St., N. City, 12,000

22 building lots in 100 and 101 sts., N. Y. City, each 25,000

100 N. Y. Rights, containing each 10,000 sq. ft. in the suburbs of New York City, and commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson River and Long Island Sound, at 20 perpetual leases of cash, without interest or security of \$20 each, 5,000

50 " " " " " 5,000

50 " " " " " 5,000

250 " " " " " 5,000

2,000 " " " " " 10,000

Reference is made to the Real Estate, P. J. V. & Co., Real Estate Brokers, New York, who, (post paid), will send

